## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended): Process for the production of an actively-breathing composite in the form of a web consisting of a nonwoven made of synthetic material and a layer comprising polyurethane (PU) for utilisation as an underlay for roofs and as a façade web, comprising the steps of
- heating a product or a layer comprising PU to melting temperature and
- extruding the heated product or layer onto a nonwoven consisting of polypropylene (PP) in order to form a diffusion-permeable coating of the PP nonwoven, and
- pressing the heated product or layer to the PP nonwoven to form an actively-breathing composite, and further comprising

providing a bonding agent between the product or layer and the nonwoven during the production of the composite, wherein the providing step comprises either

mixing the bonding agent with PU to form a PU bonding agent blend and extruding the PU bonding agent blend onto the nonwoven as the product, or

applying the bonding agent to the nonwoven in a molten state to provide a bonding agent coated nonwoven such that the extruding step applies the heated product or layer onto the bonding agent coated nonwoven.

- 2. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the PU product is extruded onto the PP nonwoven immediately in the region where the PU layer is pressed to the PP nonwoven.
- 3. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the PP nonwoven is preheated.
- 4. (cancelled).
- 5. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the PP nonwoven is provided with the bonding agent prior to applying the PU layer.
- 6-7. (cancelled).
- 8. (currently amended): Process according to claim 3, wherein the bonding agent comprises a reactive, PU-based hot-melt, and wherein the applying step applies the bonding agent is so applied onto the PP nonwoven as a bonding agent such that it has not cooled down yet when coming into contact with the extruded PU product.
- 9. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the PP nonwoven and the extruded PU product are pressed to one another continuously in the gap between two press rolls.
- 10. (previously presented): Process according to claim 9, wherein at least one of the two press rolls is heated.

- 11. (cancelled).
- 12. (currently amended): Process according to claim  $\underline{25}$   $\pm$ , wherein the PU bonding agent blend comprises a mixture of PU and maleic anhydride-modified polyolefin, and wherein the PU bonding agent blend is melted and extruded into the region, in which pressing between the PU product and the PP nonwoven is performed.
- 13. (currently amended): Process according to claim 12, wherein the PU bonding agent blend comprises a PU product consisting of approx. 80 wt. % PU, and approx. 20 wt. % maleic anhydride-modified polyolefin, is used.
- 14. (cancelled).
- 15. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the extrusion of the PU product takes place while simultaneously applying the bonding agent to the PP nonwoven.
- 16. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein the PU product and the bonding agent are coextruded during application onto the PP nonwoven.
- 17. (previously presented): Process according to claim 1, wherein polyurethane is used as the PU product.
- 18. (Withdrawn): Underlay for roofs and façade web, characterised in that

- a nonwoven (1) made of PP and a layer (7), consisting of PU or a mixture of materials having a high PU content, extruded onto the PP nonwoven (1) are pressed together to form an actively-breathing composite (9) in the form of web material.
- 19. (withdrawn): Roof underlay according to claim 18, characterised in that the composite (9) comprising the PU layer (7) and the PP nonwoven (1) comprises a bonding agent (3).
- 20. (withdrawn): Roof underlay web according to claim 18, characterised in that the bonding agent (3)-in particular a reactive PU-based hot-melt (in particular JOWATHERM® REAKTANT 601.88)-is provided in the bonding region (9) between the PP nonwoven (1) and the PU layer (7).
- 21. (withdrawn): Roof underlay according to claim 18, characterised in that the mixture of materials of the extruded layer (7) consists of approximately 80 wt.-% polyurethane, in particular of the type DESMOPAN® KU-2 8659 supplied by the company Bayer and approximately 20 wt.-% maleic anhydride-modified polyolefin, in particular of the type EXXELOR® VA 1801 supplied by the company Exxon.
- 22. (currently amended): The process of claim 1, wherein the bonding agent has a different weight per surface area from is different from the nonwoven layer (PP) and the heated product or layer comprising PU (PU).
- 23. (previously presented): The process of claim 1, wherein

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the bonding agent is applied to the nonwoven upstream of the pressing step.

- 24. (currently amended): The process of claim 23, wherein the bonding agent has a different weight per surface area from is different from the nonwoven layer (PP) and the heated product or layer comprising PU (PU).
- 25. (new): Process for the production of an actively-breathing composite in the form of a web consisting of a nonwoven made of synthetic material and a layer comprising polyurethane (PU) for utilisation as an underlay for roofs and as a façade web, comprising the steps of
- heating a product or a layer comprising PU to melting temperature and
- extruding the heated product or layer onto a nonwoven consisting of polypropylene (PP) in order to form a diffusion-permeable coating of the PP nonwoven, and
- pressing the heated product or layer to the PP nonwoven to form an actively-breathing composite, and further comprising

providing a bonding agent between the product or layer and the nonwoven during the production of the composite, wherein the providing step comprises

mixing the bonding agent with PU to form a PU bonding agent blend and extruding the PU bonding agent blend onto the nonwoven as the product.